



Somaliland in Figures

Edition 18: Data 2019



Ministry of Planning and National Development
Central Statistics Department
Web: www.somalilandcsd.org
Email: info@somalilandcsd.org

This document is prepared in accordance with the standard procedures stated in the Code of Practice for Somaliland Official Statistics 2013.

© November, 2020

All rights reserved

Citation:

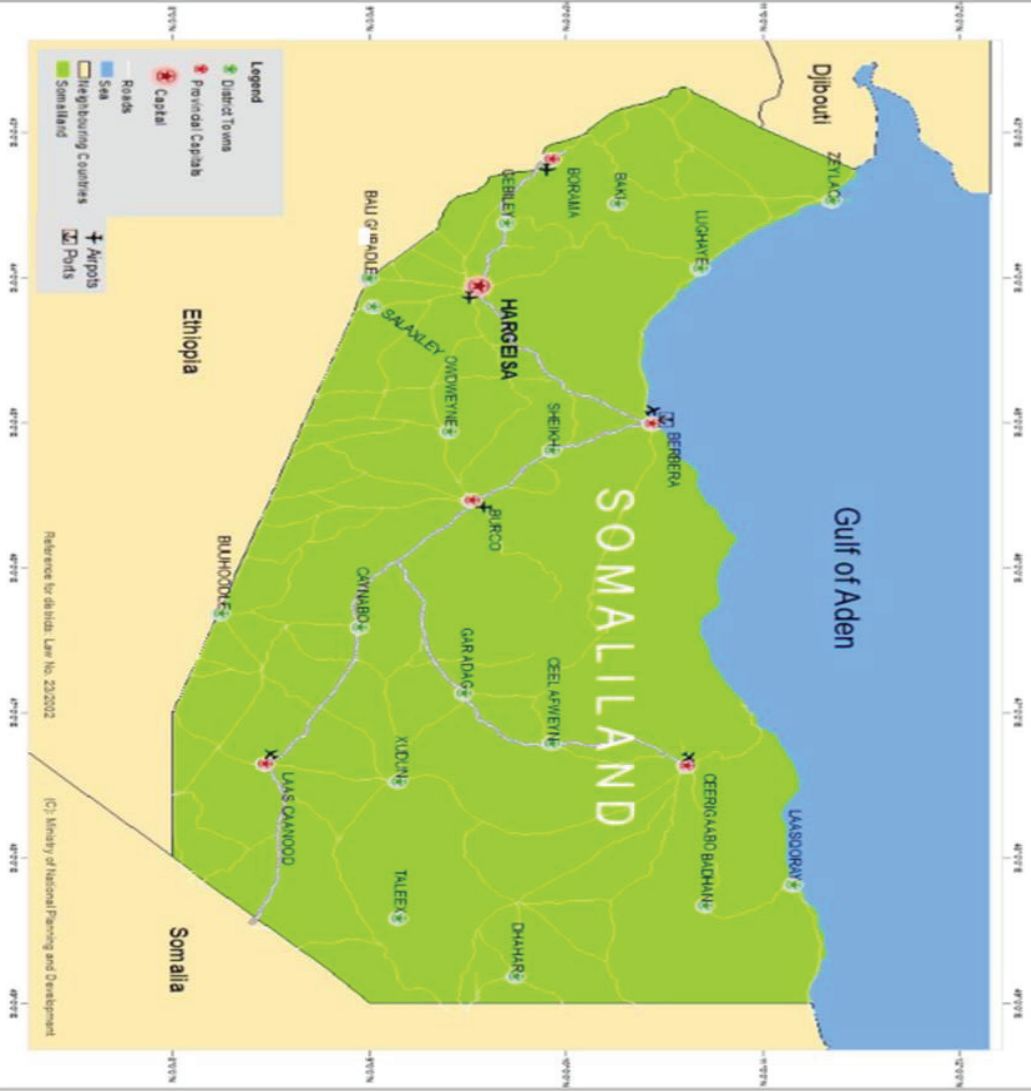
Somaliland Central Statistics Department, 2020.
Somaliland in Figures data 2019, Hargeisa – Somaliland.

All correspondence should be directed to:
Somaliland Central Statistics Department
Minister of Planning and National Development
Hargeisa, Somaliland

Email: info@somalilandcsd.org

Website: Somalilandcsd.org

Map of Somaliland



Foreword

Complete, accurate and reliable statistics are an absolute requirement for efficient public action. Statistics inform decision makers and the broader community with critical information on the needs of the population and specific challenges they face. Quality data can reveal where resources are most needed, and provide the means to track progress and assess the impact of different plans and policies.

Somaliland, as it is the case in many other developing countries, still lacks the capacity to regularly produce the full range and quality of statistics which are typically required to effectively design, implement and monitor the relevant policies and plans needed for the country's development.

The need to fill that capacity gap becomes more pressing as Somaliland progresses. Indeed, raising complexity of the productive base and integration of the country in the global economy are two processes which can offer tremendous dividends to the population of Somaliland, but require sufficient, accurate and timely information to fully take effect.

To face this challenge, the Government of Somaliland has undertaken various efforts to improve the overall capacity and functionality of its National Statistics System (NSS) coordinated by the Central Statistics Department (CSD) of the Ministry of Planning and National Development (MoPND), and in particular to reinforce the role of public institutions in the production of quality data.

Somaliland in Figures is a reflection of these efforts, providing summary statistics on a broad range of conditions and activities in Somaliland by compiling records produced by many government institutions involved in various sectors of relevance, from education to health, to justice and many more. In bringing those statistics together in one booklet, the CSD aims to provide all concerned stakeholders with a comprehensive overview of the currently available statistical information in the country.

This is the 17th edition of this publication and its evolution throughout the years reflects the work accomplished in building up the capacity of the CSD and the NSS as a whole. However, significant improvements remain to be achieved, and the MoPND is committed to continuously raise the standard of quality of the CSD's publications.

In this endeavor, we would like to express our gratitude to all who assisted us in producing this document, and to kindly request their continued support and assistance in the future.



Hon. Hassan Mohamed Ali

Minister of Planning and National Development, Somaliland.

Acknowledgement

Somaliland in Figures is a Statistical Yearly Book, which carries administrative data from public and private sectors in Somaliland. Likewise, it is a statistical abstract providing summary statistics on a broad range of socioeconomic data in Somaliland.

This booklet is prepared by the Central Statistics Department (CSD) at the Ministry of Planning and National Development. Data contained in this booklet is based mainly on administrative records from various line Ministries and Government Agencies, enriched with information from a few major surveys undertaken in the country. Despite data for several indicators were not reported for some years, whenever records/surveys were missing.

The CSD is thankful to all the people who provided support and assistance in the production process of this document as well as to all organizations in the public, parastatal and private sectors that provided us with the underlying data. The Central Statistics Department wishes to urge all our partners to cooperate even further in the compilation of future editions of this booklet and other statistical publications.

Suggestions and comments are welcomed from all users, in order to improve the next edition of Somaliland in Figures.

This document can also be found from the CSD website; www.somalilandcsd.org

For more detailed information on the published statistics, please visit the CSD library.

“ XOG LA HEL YAABA TALO LA HE

Table of Contents

Map of Somaliland	I
Preface	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Acknowledgement	III
List of Tables	1
List of Figures	2
Introduction	3
Administration	3
Climate	3
Natural Resources	4
Economic Indicators	6
Somaliland Gross Domestic Products (GDP)	6
Consumer Price Index	7
Somaliland Annual Inflation Rates	7
Imports and Exports:	9
Business licenses and Building permits issued	11
Public finance	13
Performance indicators of economic activities Agriculture	14
Minerals	15
Tourism	15
Hotels	15
Mosques	16
Education	16
Basic and Secondary Education Indicators	16
Higher Education Indicators	17
Civil Servant Employee	19
Health Indicators	20
Water	22
Crime Statistics	23
Road traffic accidents	25
Transportation	25
Road transport Statistics	26
Appendix	1

List of Tables

Table 1 : GDP by expenditure, current prices, million US Dollars 2012-2019	6
Table 2 : GDP by expenditure, constant prices, million US Dollars 2012-2019	7
Table 3: Fuel Imported (M3) in 2015-2019	9
Table 4: Food Items imported (Kg/Litters) in 2015-2019 (Tones)	9
Table 5: Non-food Items imported (Tones) in 2015-2019	10
Table 6: Imported Kat, vegetables and fruits (KG) in 2015–2019	10
Table 7: Number of Containers and Ships that arrived at the Berbera Port in 2018 -2019	10
Table 8: Total Export of livestock (HDS) and Frankincense (in Tons) through Berbera Port 2015-2019	11
Table 9: Number of business licenses issued in 2018 and 2019	11
Table 10: Number of Building permits issued in main cities 2019	12
Table 11: Central Government Revenue and expenditure (2015-2019)	13
Table 12: Central government Fiscal Summary Budget 2018-2019	13
Table 13: Central government Estimated Budget by Sector (SL.sh) 2016-2019	13
Table 14: Total Local government revenue and expenditure (SL.sh) 2015-2019	14
Table 15: Estimated area harvested, production and yield of major crops during 2015-2019	14
Table 16: Minerals produced in 2016-2018	15
Table 17: Minerals produced in 2019	15
Table 18: All hotels in main towns by Staffs, Rooms, and Beds in 2018-2019	15
Table 40: Mosques by region from 2018-2019	16
Table 19: Number of School Enrolments and Teachers by Level and sex 2014/15-2018/19	16
Table 21: Primary and Secondary Education Indicators 2014/15-2018/19	16
Table 22: Qur’anic Schools by region 2019/2020	17
Table 23: Number of Students in Universities in 2015-2019	17
Table 24: Number of Students graduated from Universities in 2015-2019	18
Table 25: Civil servant employee by Sex and Grade 2015-2019	19
Table 26: Health Service Facilities, 2014-2017	20
Table 34: Health Service Facilities, 2015-2019	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Table 27: Physicians and technician in health sector 2015-2019	21
Table 28: Number of health professionals by qualification	21
Table 29: Number water facilities, status by region 2018-2019	22
Table 30: Number of Criminal Offences by type in 2017-2019	23
Table 31: Number of accused people and Cases by region 2018-2019	24
Table 32: Number of Execution and Rape by type 2019	24
Table 33: Road traffic accidents 2019	25
Table 34: Airport network by status in 2019	25
Table 35: Flights by Type in 2017-2019	25
Table 36: Air Transport, Domestic and International Passengers and Commercial Cargo in 2017-19	26
Table 37: Domestic and International Flights Passengers in 2017-2019	26
Table 38: Domestic, International Passengers and Flights in 2015- 2019	26
Table 39: Road Network in Kilometres by Status by region, 2017-2019	26

List of Figures

<i>Figure 1: GDP and GDP per capita, current prices 2015 -2019</i>	6
<i>Figure 2 : Annual Inflation Rates in 2015-2019</i>	7
<i>Figure 3 : Exchange rate from 2015-2019</i>	8
<i>Figure 4: Imports 2019</i>	9
<i>Figure 5: Exports 2012-2019</i>	11
Figure 6: Civil servant employee by Sex from 2015-2019.....	19
Figure 7: Civil Servant Employee: Annual Growth Rate 2015-2019.....	19
Figure 8: Drilling of new boreholes by region; 2018-2019	22
Figure 9: Criminal Offences by type from 2017-2019.....	24

Introduction

Somaliland is a Sub-Saharan country located in the Horn of Africa, sharing boundaries with the Gulf of Aden in the north, Somalia in the east, the Federal Republic of Ethiopia in the south-west, and the Republic of Djibouti in the north-west. It has a total surface area of about 176,119.2 square kilometers and a coastline which is 850 kilometers long.

It lies between Latitudes 8° and 11° 27' North and Longitudes 42° 35' and 49° East and has mountain ranges rising up to 1800 and 2100 meters in the centre and in the east of the country respectively.

Administration

Somaliland gained independence from Britain on June 26th, 1960. On July 1st, 1960, the state of Somaliland united with Somalia, a territory under a U.N. mandated Italian Trusteeship until that same day, thereby creating the Somali Republic.

The Republic of Somaliland restored its independence after the total collapse of Somalia on **18th May 1991** as a result of the civil war of the late eighties and early nineties. The decision was made by the Congress of Council of Clan Elders held in Burao **from 27 April to 15 May, 1991**. Constitutionally, the Republic of Somaliland is a democratic country with a multi-party system.

The decision to reclaim independence in 1991 was confirmed on **May 31st 2001**, by a national referendum on the Constitution of Somaliland, which embodies the sanctity of its sovereignty and was approved by 97% of the vote.. Since then Somaliland held two local municipal elections (2002 and 2012), a parliamentary election (2005) and three presidential elections (2003,2010 and 2017). The administrative structure of the state consists of three branches: the judiciary, legislative (the House of Elders and the House of Representatives), and the executive (the President and his chosen Council of Ministers). The ministers may not be appointed from Members of Parliament.

Administratively, the country is divided into fourteen regions namely; Awdal, Salal, Gabilay Hawd Maroodi-Jeh, Sahil, Daadmadheedh, Sanag, Sool, Togdheer, Saraar, Buuhoodle, Xaysimo and Badhan. Hargeisa is the capital city of Somaliland and the seat of government.

Climate

Somaliland is located north of the Equator. It is semi-arid. The average daily temperatures range from 25°C to 35°C. The sun passes vertically overhead twice a year, on 21 March and 23 September. Somaliland consists of three main topographic zones:

(1) A Coastal Plain (Guban) (2) The Coastal Range (Oogo) (3) A Plateau (Hawd). The Coastal Plain (Guban) is a zone with high temperatures and low rainfall. Summer temperatures in the region easily average over 38°C. However, temperatures come down during the winter.

The Coastal Range (Ogo) is a high plateau to the immediate south of Guban. Its elevation ranges from 1800m above sea level in the west to 2100m in the East. Rainfall is heavier there than in Guban, although it varies considerably within the zone.

The Plateau (Hawd) region lies to the south of Ogo range. It is generally more heavily populated during the wet season, when surface water is available. It is also an important area for grazing.

Natural Resources

Somaliland occupies that portion, of northeast Africa known as the "Horn of Africa". The main exports of Somaliland are Livestock- namely cattle, sheep's, goats and camels and their production: hides, skins and various gums including frankincense.

Somaliland is rich in minerals and has one of world's largest gypsum deposits. Gemstones abundant in Somaliland include many kinds of gemstones like Emerald, Sapphire, Ruby, Aquamarine, Opal and various types of Garnet. There are also industrial minerals in Somaliland such as iron ore, Titanium, Aluminum, Tungsten, Tin, Galena and other rare earth metals like Columbite, Tantalite, Molybdenum and others, which are only found in few places in the world. Western regions of Somaliland are the most fertile and tractable part of the country, where eastern regions are rich in enormous flocks of camels, sheep and goats are raised. Unfortunately, the potential mineral resources, fishing, forestry, agriculture and tourist opportunities - notably a clean coastline of 850 km and several mountains ranges- are hardly exploited due to lack of transport infrastructure.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Geographical Indicators

Latitudes	between 8° & 11°27' North
Longitudes	between 42°35' and 49° East
Total surface area	176,119.2 sq km
Temperature	5°C to 45°C
Rainfall	446mm-875mm/year

Economic Indicators

Total GDP (2019)	2,786 million USD
GDP per capita (2019)	682 US Dollars
Inflation rate (2019)	5.4 percent

Demographic and socio-economic indicators

Total population (Projected from 2014) *	4.2 million
Percentage urban (2014 mid-year) *	53 percent
Population density (2014 PESS) *	22 persons per /km ²
Maternal Mortality Ratio (SLHDS 2020) *	Number of women who die for every 100,000 livebirths 396.
Maternal Mortality Rate (SLHDS 2020) *	1 in 1500 women aged 15-49 die due to pregnancy or birth related complications.
Fertility Rate (SLHDS 2020) *	General Fertility Rate 176 births per 1000 women 15-49 Crude Birth Rate 37 births per 1000 population
Maternal Health (SLHDS 2020) *	Attended at least 4 ANC visits during last Pregnancy 20% Births delivered with assistance of a skilled care provider 40%
Adult Mortality Rate (SLHDS 2020) *	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Men 6 per 1000• Women 4 per 1000
Education (SLHDS 2020) *	Adult literacy for women aged 15-49: 41% Net attendance ratio Primary: 30% Sec.:11%
Life Expectancy at birth (PESS 2014) *	Male 48.8 years Female 52.0 years

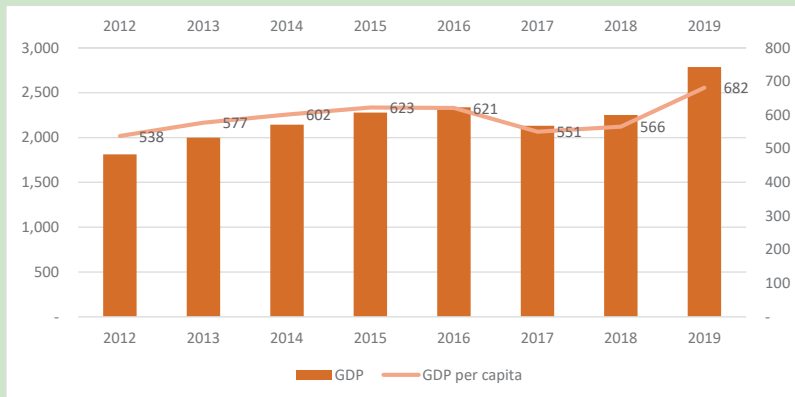
Economic Indicators

Somaliland Gross Domestic Products (GDP)

The major macroeconomic aggregate within the System of National Accounts is Gross Domestic Product (GDP), which represents the results of production activities of all residential institutional units. GDP can be calculated by the production approach, the expenditure approach, and the income approach.

Somaliland's GDP in current prices, estimated by the expenditure approach, was 2,786 million USD in 2019, while GDP per capita amounted to 682 USD (or close to 6 million SLS). GDP per capita measures the share of GDP each person would get if equally distributed among all residents in an economic territory. It is derived by dividing GDP by population

Figure 1: GDP and GDP per capita, current prices 2015 -2019



Sources: MoPND (CSD) 2019

Table 1 : GDP by expenditure, current prices, million US Dollars 2012-2019

Expenditure items	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Household final consumption	1 755	1 949	2 067	2 325	2 475	2 421	2 579	3 133
Government final consumption	103	125	144	163	175	215	220	242
Gross fixed capital formation	156	193	238	283	328	373	438	512
Exports of goods and services	372	405	462	372	322	179	202	244
Minus: Imports of goods and services	574	671	768	864	961	1 058	1 189	1 346
GDP at purchasers' prices	1 813	2 000	2 144	2 278	2 338	2 130	2 251	2 786
GDP per capita, US Dollars	538	577	602	623	621	551	566	682

Sources: MoPND (CSD), 2019

Table 2 : GDP by expenditure, constant prices, million US Dollars 2012-2019

Expenditure items	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Household final consumption	1 957	2 046	2 134	2 220	2 279	2 421	2 533	2 533
Government final consumption	104	122	140	154	158	215	213	223
Gross fixed capital formation	159	190	232	289	337	373	432	509
Exports of goods and services	355	338	367	309	292	179	188	222
Minus: Imports of goods and services	632	701	790	851	907	1 058	1 179	1 158
GDP at purchasers' prices	1 943	1 995	2 083	2 120	2 158	2 130	2 186	2 328

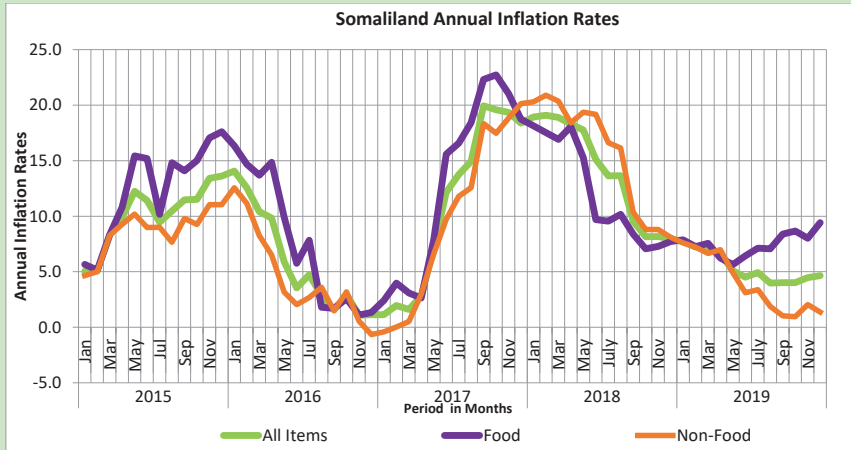
Sources: MoPND (CSD), 2019

Consumer Price Index

Somaliland Annual Inflation Rates

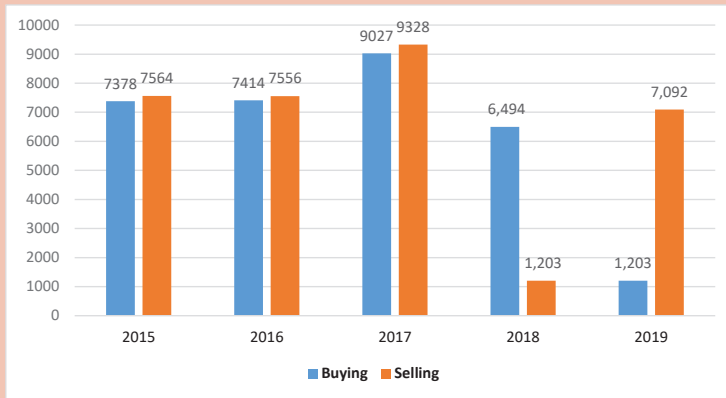
The annual inflation rates from 2015 to 2019 shows that inflation fluctuated substantially over the period. With marked spike in inflation in 2015, while a decreasing in 2016. However, there was a rising fluctuation from 2017 quarter II and peaked in Sep 2017, until the end of quarter II 2018. After that the fluctuation gradually declined by quarter III 2018 Compared to 2017, there was also a decline in 2019.

Figure 2 : Annual Inflation Rates in 2015-2019



Sources MoPND (CSD) 2019

Figure 3 : Exchange rate from 2015-2019

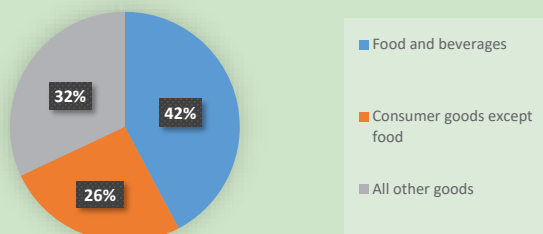


Sources: MoPND (CSD) 2019

Imports and Exports:

Imports amounted to 1,346 million USD in 2019, with the volume increased by 83 percent from 2012 to 2019. Consumer goods made up close to 68 percent of imports with a share of food and beverages at 42 percent. The remaining 32 percent include capital goods, industrial supplies and fuels.

Figure 4: Imports 2019



Sources: MoPND (CSD) 2019

Table 3: Fuel Imported (M3) in 2015-2019

Items	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Diesel	124,830	142,726	140,699	249,579	-
Petrol	63,917	59,820	66,202	64,792	67,231
Kerosene	2,210	7,244	2,578	3,102	886
Jet A1	7,472	2,832	6,146	13,073	4,169

Sources: Berbera Port 2015-2016 and Ministry of Finance Development 2017-2019

Table 4: Food Items imported (Kg/Litters) in 2015-2019 (Tones)

Items	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Sugar (Bags of 50 Kgs)	148,647	221,973	3,612,547	3,366,261	955,276
Rice (Bags of 50 Kgs)	106,057	99,386	2,718,434	2,338,545	3,159,156
Wheat Flour (Bags of 50 Kgs)	138,458	101,147	2,877,405	3,227,504	3,579,060
Wheat (Bags of 50 Kgs)	Nil	183,713	259,804	42,328	22,955
O/Beans (Bags of 50 Kgs)	7,452	541	14,934	27,334	41,337
Cooking oil (Litters)	43,073	36,713	34,159,074	28,959,762	94,285,941
Pasta (Kgs)	30,346	36,061	44,799,737	46,179,335	67,679,712
Dates (Kgs)	8,373	6,769	9,325,753	10,418,031	11,232,777
Biscuits (Kgs)	7,603	7,219	6,624,439	8,979,487	8,429,679
Total	490,009	693,522	104,392,127	103,538,587	189,385,893

Sources: Berbera Port 2015-2016 and Ministry of Finance Development 2017-2019

Table 5: Non-food Items imported (Tones) in 2015-2019

Items	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Cars/Trucks	24,232	19,253	5,797	1,414	1,092
Spare parts	6,387	12,099	3,962,272	4,947,490	4,490,554
Cigarettes	6,900	7,539	3,489,663	246,771	3,651,128
Soap	10,202	6,467	4,840,789	11,509,633	7,602,223
Total	49,628	51,985	15,636,712	20,358,640	15,744,997

Sources: Berbera Port 2015-2016 and Ministry of Finance Development 2017-2019

Table 6: Imported Kat, vegetables and fruits (KG) in 2015–2019

Items	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Kat	35,334,734	33,706,214	31,766,935	36,658,041	39,903,777
Fresh vegetables	42,693,971	40,459,791	46,512,368	6,430,937	57,725,764
Fresh fruits	4,669,226	NA	5,593,573	6,949,268	29,190,643
Total	82,697,931	74,166,005	83,872,876	50,038,246	126,820,184

Sources: Ministry of Finance Development

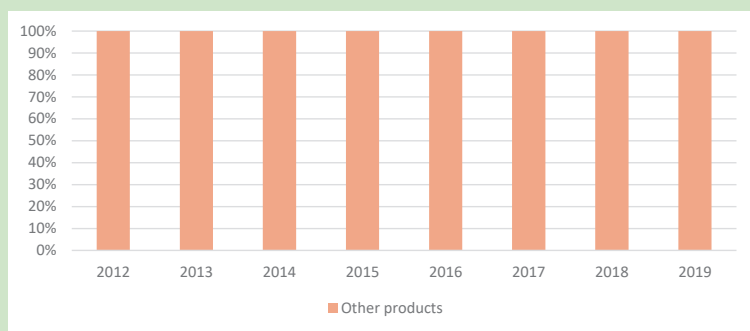
Table 7: Number of Containers and Ships that arrived at the Berbera Port in 2018 -2019

Number of Containers and Ships/ Vessels		
Years	2018	2019
Containers	37,575	50,571
Ships/Vessels	544	626

Source: Ministry of Finance Development

Exports of goods and services amounted to 244 million USD in 2019. The major export product is livestock at 81 percent, but decreasing from 91 percent in 2012 to 81 percent in 2019. The volume decreased by 37 percent from 2012 to 2019, due to a decrease of exports of Livestock following the ban imposed by Saudi Arabia and the 2015-2017 drought. Notably products exported aside from livestock include gemstones, scrap metal, animal skins, fishing products, and frankincense.

Figure 5: Exports 2012-2019



Source: Ministry of Finance Development

Table 8: Total Export of livestock (HDS) and Frankincense (in Tons) through Berbera Port and Other Customs: 2015-2019

Livestock products and Frankincense	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Shoats	3,270,386	2,842,412	1,770,968	1,280,252	1,710,646
Cattle	160,395	139,041	95,474	116,705	136,846
Camel	61,475	57,421	28,254	509	50939
Hides and Skins (Pieces)	2,199,660	1,583,551	1,722,480	1,543,650	821,083
Frankincense	889,729	1,054,724	1,253,986	1,047,697	1,301,070

Sources: Berbera Port 2015-2016 and Ministry of Finance Development 2017-2019

Business licenses and Building permits issued

Table 9: Number of business licenses issued in 2018 and 2019

Business licenses issued by year		
Years	2018	2019
Annual Total	1,151	1,627

Source: Ministry of Trade, Industry, and Tourism

Table 10: Number of Building permits issued in main cities 2019

City	Number of Building Permits issued in 2019
Hargeisa	1,175
Borama	269
Berbera	483
Buroa	813
Erigavo	194
Las'anod	282
Total	3,216

Source: Ministry of Finance Development/Inland Revenue Department

Public Finance

Table 11: Central Government Revenue and expenditure (2015-2019)

Year	Revenue	Expenditure	Surplus /Deficit
2015	1,053,777,477,698	1,072,936,812,985	-19,159,335,287
2016	1,100,731,990,848	1,201,439,920,303	-100,707,929,455
2017	1,176,602,739,373	1,382,043,877,708	-205,441,138,335
2018	1,507,360,976,320	1,484,870,776,133	22,490,200,187
2019	1,788,647,491,490	1,737,854,117,239	50,793,374,251

Sources: Ministry of Finance Development

Table 12: Central government Fiscal Summary Budget 2018-2019

Year	Revenue	Expenditure	Surplus/deficit
2018	1,541,086,844,980	1,484,871,776,133	56,215,068,847
2019	1,808,689,248,322	1,753,605,116,811	55,084,131,511

Sources: Ministry of Finance Development

Table 13: Central government Estimated Budget by Sector (SL.sh) 2016-2019

Sectors	Budget			
	2016	2017	2018	2019
Economic Sector	357,796,346,596	501,614,869,295	302,113,050,581	322,389,211,697
Good Governance sector	181,163,809,259	218,864,301,273	314,516,882,336	380,744,177,818
Infrastructure and natural resource sector	77,280,936,729	90,717,294,116	142,483,686,284	138,457,425,144
Security sector	427,626,199,117	493,738,334,362	586,445,200,985	641,954,133,556
Social sector	174,132,932,099	248,269,223,235	292,343,719,934	298,609,511,785
Total	1,218,000,223,800	1,553,204,022,281	1,637,902,540,120	1,782,154,460,000

Sources: Ministry of Finance Development

Local Government Revenues and Expenditure

Table 14: Total Local government revenue and expenditure (SL.sh) 2015-2019

Year	Revenue	Expenditure	Surplus/deficit
2015	142,549,750,417	124,317,429,201	18,232,321,216
2016	9,521,029,630.64	382,868,148,607	-373,347,118,976
2017	5,126,937,355,256	8,443,029,857,406	-3,316,092,502,150
2018	330,118,875,844.20	360,380,664,221.48	-29,883,446,075.28
2019	7,275,155,163,733	6,355,284,381,692	919,870,782,041

Sources: Ministry of Interior

Performance Indicators of Economic Activities Agriculture

Table 15: Estimated area harvested, production and yield of major crops during 2015-2019

Selected Indicators		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
1. Maize	Area(ha)	9,465	2,000	300	2250	400
	Production(tons)	498	1,200	90	450	170
	Yield(Tones/Ha)	0.05	0.60	0.30	0.20	0.43
2.Sorghum	Area(ha)	43,824	26,000	21,600	24500	35,000
	Production(tons)	8,410	20,800	15,610	10600	33,630
	Yield(Tones/Ha)	0.19	0.80	0.72	0.43	0.96
Total	Area(ha)	53,289	28,000	21,900	26,750	35,400
	Production(tons)	8,908	22,000	15,700	11,050	33,800
	Yield(Tones/Ha)	0.17	0.79	0.72	0.41	0.95

Sources: Ministry of Agriculture Development

Minerals

Table 16: Minerals produced in 2016-2018

Mineral	Unit	Year		
		2016	2017	2018
Industrial Minerals	Tones	773.75	1010	1070
Gemstones	Kilograms	1000.744	885	5480.90

Sources: Ministry of Energy and Minerals

Table 17: Minerals produced in 2019

Mineral	Unit Measure	Quantity Exported	Unit Price Value*	Total Value
Gold bars	Grams	1,818,244	\$ 5.0	\$ 9,091,220
Opal	KGs	40	\$15	\$600
Iron	Tons	83.440	\$100	\$8,344

Source: Ministry of Finance Development /Customs Department *Customs Valuation Book

Tourism

Hotels

Table 18: All hotels in main towns by Staffs, Rooms, and Beds in 2018-2019

City Name	No. Staff		No. Hotels		No. Rooms		No. Beds	
	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019
Hargeisa	871	848	66	67	1915	2075	2180	2403
Burco	134	206	22	29	323	408	352	469
Borama	116	259	11	13	216	316	300	414
Berbera	248	388	16	21	473	660	624	882
Cerigaabo	21	32	5	6	131	184	172	266
Gabiley	114	136	17	22	606	758	791	994
Total	1504	1869	137	158	3664	4401	4419	5428

Sources: MoPND (CSD) 2019

Mosques

Table 19: Mosques by region from 2018-2019

Regions	Number of mosques	
	2018	2019
Awdal	263	273
Marodijeh	605	669
Sahil	208	220
Togdheer	315	320
Sanaag	152	180
Sool	208	209
Total	1,653	1,871

Sources: Ministry of Endowment and Religious Affairs

Education

Basic and Secondary Education Indicators

Table 20: Number of School Enrolments and Teachers by Level and sex 2014/15-2018/19

Years	2014/15		2015/16		2016/17		2018/19	
Gender	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Primary	128,471	105,657	137,442	118,274	105,436	77,615	142,091	115,249
ABE	2,940	2,386	2,293	1,792				
Secondary	29,334	18,579	31,429	19,582	11,850	7,161	32,282	22,420
Total	160,745	126,622	171,164	139,648	117,286	84,776	174,373	137,669
Primary Incl. IQS	6,498	1,088	6,625	1,194	4484	1026	7438	1753
ABE	161	18	144	18				
Secondary	1,726	78	1,877	80	1,665	79	2114	172
Total	8,385	1,184	8,646	1,292	6,149	1,105	9,552	1,925

Sources: Education Statistical Bulletin 2016/ Ministry of Education and Science 2019

❖ Academic year 2017-2018, no data collected by the Ministry of education.

Table 21: Primary and Secondary Education Indicators 2014/15-2018/19

Indicator	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2018/19
	Government	935	989	671
Private	148	156	420	601
Total	1083	1145	1,091	1,792

Sources: Education Statistical Bulletin 2016/ Ministry of Education and Science

Number of Quranic Schools Registered with Ministry of Endowment and Religious Affairs.

Table 22: Qur'anic Schools by region 2019/2020

Regions	Awdal	Marodijeh	Sahil	Togdheer	Sool	Sanaag
Number of students in school Qur'an						
Male	6,590	60,925	6,440	6,075	16,460	5,606
Female	4,910	60,825	3,220	5,785	11,540	4,594
Total	11,500	121,750	9,660	11,860	28,000	10,200
Number of teachers in school Qur'an						
Male	338	1,858	320	505	620	900
Female	169	929	50	253	130	300
Total	507	2,787	370	758	750	700
Number of Quranic Schools						
Total	170	749	123	139	360	353

Sources: Ministry of Endowment and religious affai

Higher Education Indicators

Table 23: Number of Students in Universities in 2015-2019

Location	University Name	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Borama	Amoud University	4,046	4,724	4,478	4,810	4,925
	EEO University	680	1,171	1,781	1,781	1,545
	Horn International University	NA	NA	169	329	412
	Adal Medical University	NA	NA	NA	NA	387
	Admas University	NA	NA	NA	NA	196
Gebiley	Tima Adde University	516	NA	962	600	642
	New Generation University	NA	NA	NA	NA	288
Hargeisa	University of Hargeisa	6,649	1,947	7,849	5,751	5,742
	Gollis University	2,448	2,608	2,299	2,264	2,009
	New Generation University	1,614	850	1,005		1,659
	Edna Adan University	NA	NA	1,217	1,419	1,360
	Hope University	137	27	NA	NA	NA
	Civil Service Institute	640	358	630	592	513
	Admas University	1791	753	1,652	1,419	1,410
	Alpha University	1506	769	1,707		1,751
	Adis Ababa Medical University	513	160	94	538	436
	Beder University	674	NA	NA	957	1,624
	Shifo University	NA	NA	61	210	230
	Abarso Tech University	NA	NA	544	552	497
	Frantz Fanon University	NA	NA	NA	NA	297
	Riftry Valley University	NA	NA	NA	NA	556
Berbera	Golis University	202		353	246	307
	Academy	105	NA	215	241	291
	Alpha University	NA	NA	247	219	152
Burao	Burao University	727	NANA	1,923	2,521	2,007
	Golis University	NA	694	765	527	411
	Adis Ababa Medical University	377	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Alpha University	NA	NA	482	NA	NA
	New Generation University	NA	NA	NA	NA	230

	Najax University	NA	NA	375	NA	NA
	Togdheer University	NA	NA	NA	NA	356
	Shifo University	NA	NA	NA	NA	144
Erigavo	Golis University	NA	306	305	NA	437
	Sanaag University	NA	NA	143	214	279
	East africa University	NA	NA	NA	NA	190
Total		22,625	14,367	29,256	25,326	32,003

Sources: Somaliland Universities

Table 24: Number of Students graduated from Universities in 2015-2019

City		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Borama	Amoud University	685	707	735	847	978
	EELO University	174	305	487	487	253
	Horn International University	NA	NA	469	92	129
	Adal Medical University					0
	Admas University					69
Gabiley	Tima Adde University	164		101	110	145
	New Generation University					
Hargeisa	University of Hargeisa	930	1,040	1,126	937	857
	Gollis University	832	543	748	766	717
	New Generation University	604	210	513		614
	Edna Adan University	NA	NA	514	578	787
	Hope University	66	58	NA	NA	
	Civil Service Institute	101	612	146	170	195
	Admas University		388	450	607	581
	Alpha University	416	187	224		529
	Adis Ababa Medical University	135	NA	89	436	160
	Beder University	147	NA	NA	240	403
	Shifo University	NA	NA	103	82	78
	Abarso Tech University	NA	NA	544		90
	Frantz Fanon University					30
Riftry Valley University					151	
Berbera	Golis University	54	NA	70	75	50
	Berbera Maritime and fisheries Academy	51	NA	23	39	32
	Alpha University			27	94	151
Buraao	Buraao University	654	143	96	87	
	Golis University	130	NA	165	206	228
	Najax University	NA	NA	80		
	Alpha University	NA	NA	151		
	New Generation University					
	Adis Ababa Medical University	395	NA			
	Togdheer University					140
Erigavo	Golis University	NA	NA	56		284
	Sanaag University	NA		29	29	102
	East Africa University					38
Total		5,538	4,193	6,946	5,882	9,537

Sources: Somaliland Universities

Civil Servant Employee

Table 25: Civil servant employee by Sex and Grade 2015-2019

Year	Gender		Grades				Total
	Female	Male	A	B	C	D	
2015	3620	12027	2668	8309	2215	2455	15647
2016	3860	12641	2998	8568	2460	2545	16571
2017	4135	12412	4088	7957	2240	2262	16547
2018	3443	11407	2270	8073	2095	2340	14778
2019	5080	13416	5405	8287	2398	2406	18496

Sources: Somaliland civil service commission

Figure 6: Civil servant employee by Sex from 2015-2019

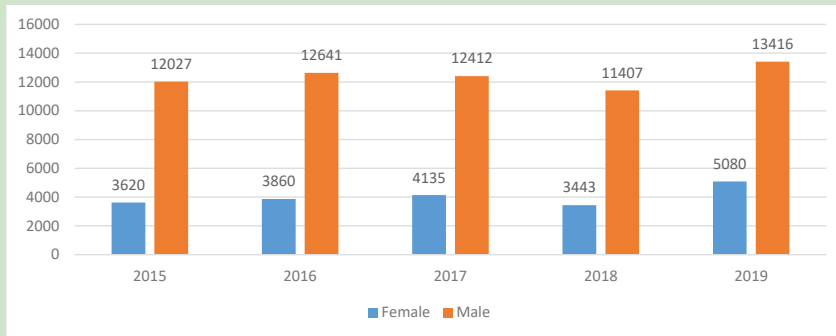
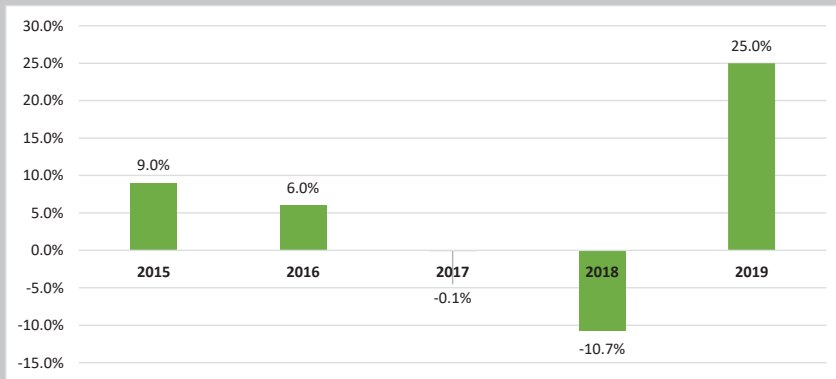


Figure 7: Civil Servant Employee: Annual Growth Rate 2015-2019



Source: Civil service commission

Health Indicators

Table 26: Health Service Facilities, 2014-2017

Health Facilities	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Public Hospitals	26	29	24	—	21
Private Hospitals	15	20	17	—	39
MCHs	15	20	129	—	122
Health Posts	135	158	159	—	173
Mobile Clinic	6	10	16	—	—
Number Of Beds	1375	1580	—	—	—

Sources: Ministry of Health Development 2015-2017 and NHPC 2019

Table 35: Total Licensed Health Professionals by NHPC 2015-2019

Year	Nurse	GP	Pharm	Dental	Specialty	Allied	Total
2015	10	32	2	2	24	4	74
2016	9	43	4	3	16	2	77
2017	7	18	1	—	4	1	31
2018	10	54	—	—	17	—	81
2019	13	106	3	2	30	2	156
Total	49	253	10	7	91	9	419

Sources: Source: National Health Professionals Commission

Table 27: Physicians and technician in health sector 2015-2019

Indicator	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Doctors					
Public	116	500	745		
Private	87	83	123	105	141
Total	203	583	868	105	141
Nurses					
Public	687	1586	1860		
Private	165	109	182	164	207
Total	852	1695	2042	164	207
Midwives					
Public	73	865	765		
Private	68	49	77	63	84
Total	141	914	842	63	84
X-Ray Technicians					
Public	20	550	N/A		
Private	0	0	31	16	20
Total	20	550	31	16	20
Laboratory Technologists					
Public	59	N/A	120		
Private	58	35	56	59	71
Total	117	35	176	59	71
Atra Sound Tech.					
Public					
Private				35	31
Total				35	31

Sources: Ministry of Health Development

Table 28: Number of health professionals by qualification

SN	Qualification	Number
1	BSc IN MICROBIOLOY	2
2	BSc Medical Laboratory	5
3	Bachelor of Dental Surgery	8
4	BSc Osteopathic Medicine	1
5	BSc in Clinical Pharmacy	9
6	BSc in Midwifery	18
7	BSc in Physiotherapy	1
8	BSc in Nursing	97
9	Diploma in Community Midwifery	43
10	Diploma in General Nursing	406
11	Diploma in Laboratory Technology	35
12	Diploma in Pharmacy Technology	34
13	MBBS	439
	Total	1098

Source: National Health Professionals Commission

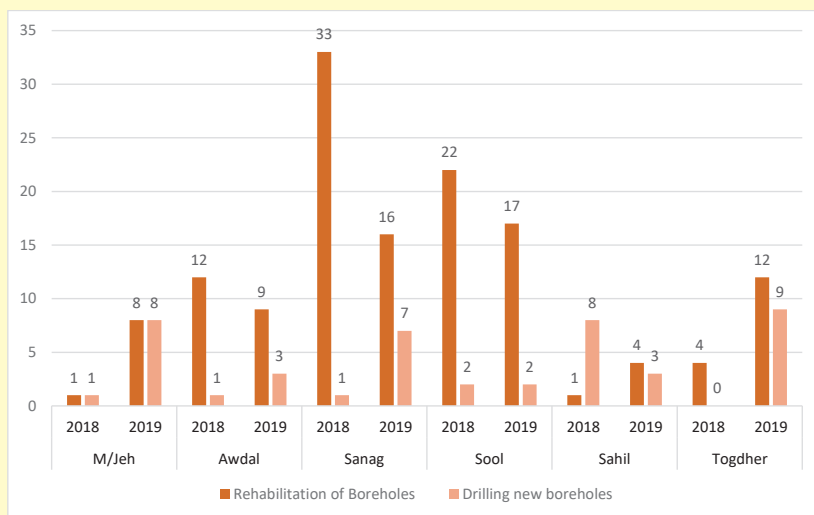
Water

Table 29: Number water facilities, status by region 2018-2019

Regions	Awdal		Marodijeh		Sahil		Togdheer		Sool		Sanaag	
Years	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019
Rehabilitation of Boreholes	12	9	1	8	1	4	4	12	22	17	33	16
Drilling new boreholes	1	3	1	8	8	3			2	2	1	7
Shallow wells	32	12	13	8	2	4	16	3	5	3	19	4
Sub surface brackets	32	2	31	2	0	10	12	25	25	17	19	10
Mini water system	24	18	7	11	4	7	6	6	7	5	20	8
Total	101	44	53	37	15	28	38	55	61	44	92	45

Sources: Ministry Water Resource Development

Figure 8: Drilling of new boreholes by region; 2018-2019



Crime Statistics

Table 30: Number of Criminal Offences by type in 2017-2019

Region	Execution			Theft			Piracy (Robbery)			Rape		
	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019
Awdal	5	2	6	30	26	40	18	23	20	6	13	16
Marodijeh	25	22	35	420	161	244	103	128	152	43	33	34
Sahil	3	5	10	30	31	70	5	2	6	13	9	13
Togdheer	19	10	14	89	201	74	39	60	59	25	39	38
Sanaag	7	7	9	10	3	21	1	0	0	13	19	11
Sool	1	5	1	5	47	27	8	19	20	43	27	5
Gabiley	4	0	2	22	26	57	9	12	10	8	9	11
Saraar	2	1	7	1	7	9	2	1	6	3	8	10
Total	66	52	84	607	502	542	185	245	273	154	157	138

Continue Table 37: Number of Criminal Offences by type in 2017-2019

Region	Accident			narcotics (Drug dealers)			Joining Terrorist Org.			Illegal Migrant		
	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019
Awdal	18	41	30	25	15	18	0	0	1	6	0	0
Marodijeh	88	88	92	262	163	268	10	6	1	0	0	7
Sahil	32	27	52	17	7	24	0	0	0	0	0	0
Togdheer	22	49	49	62	30	90	0	0	0	0	7	0
Sanaag	5	1	2	1	11	12	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sool	11	1	7	24	47	56	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gabiley	32	6	37	23	126	137	0	0	0	45	57	0
Saraar	2	1	5	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	210	214	274	414	401	607	10	6	2	54	64	7

Sources: Ministry of Justice

Figure 9: Criminal Offences by type from 2017-2019

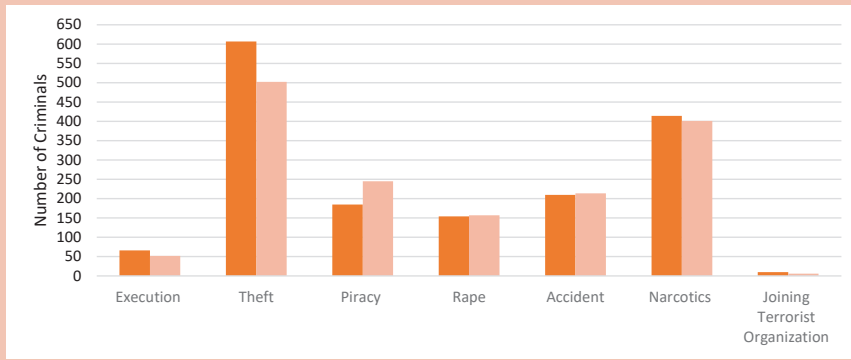


Table 31: Number of accused people and Cases by region 2018-2019

Region	No. Cases		No. accusers		Male		Female		Completed cases		cases continued	
	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019
Awdal	472	401	920	748	55	724	865	24	111	78	69	79
Marodijeh	1403	2248	2341	3470	2196	3155	151	315	712	1226	315	414
Saahil	339	423	392	1234	298	1198	4	36	103	140	20	19
Togdheer	727	820	1243	1128	960	1033	83	95	262	404	103	59
Sanaag	75	173	194	494	187	456	7	38	40	84	6	40
Sool	163	516	163	560	129	536	34	24	101	234	7	18
Total	3179	4581	5253	7634	3825	7102	1144	532	1329	2166	520	629

Sources: Attorney general Office

Table 32: Number of Execution and Rape by type 2019

Region	Execution	Rape
Awdal	4	83
Marodijeh	11	27
Sahil	8	21
Togdheer	22	37
Sanaag	21	5
Sool	11	30
Total	77	203

Sources: Somaliland Police

Road Traffic Accidents

Table 33: Road traffic accidents 2019

Region	Total Accidents	Number of Deaths	Number of Injured persons	Crushed Vehicles	Number of Death Livestock	Crushed Buildings/bitoes
Awdal	283	6	250	68	0	1
Hargeisa	1459	46	1114	1041	15	45
Sahil	113	37	181	138	2	0
Togdheer	595	24	766	4516	10	27
Sanaag	3	3	0	0	0	0
Sool	98	12	386	211	146	5
Gabiley	230	20	255	250	16	2
Total	2778	148	2952	6224	189	80

Sources: Somaliland police

Transportation

Table 34: Airport network by status in 2019

Airports	Paved Runways		Unpaved Runways	
	Length (M)	Width (m)	Length (M)	Width (m)
Hargeisa Airport	3,800	45		
Berbera Airport	4,140	50		
Burao Airport			2,556	30
Borama Airport			1,600	30
Erigavo Airport			1,220	30
Laascaanood Airport			1,800	35
Kalabeydh Airport			1,100	35

Sources: Somaliland Airport Authority

Table 35: Flights by Type in 2017-2019

Category	2017	2018	2019
International Flights	2,966	3,344	2,370
Cargo Flights:			
(a) Regular Flights	226	3085	283
(b) Special/Charter Flights	135	259	55
Total Flights	3,327	6,688	2,708

Sources: Somaliland Airport Authority

Table 36: Air Transport, Domestic and International Passengers and Commercial Cargo in 2017-19

Year	Commercial Passenger in Airport			Non-Commercial Passenger in Airport			Commercial Cargo	
	PAX IN	PAX OUT	T/PAX	PAX IN	PAX OUT	T/PAX	Cargo In (Kg)	Cargo Out (Kg)
2017	115,163	121,326	236,489	3,050	2,904	5,954	60,971	3,140
2018	131,518	136,398	267,916	2,280	2,062	4,342	904,031	5,883
2019	114,574	122,221	236,795	3,402	2,647	6,049	862,314	2,020

Sources: Somaliland Civil Aviation and Airports Authority

Table 37: Domestic and International Flights Passengers in 2017-2019

Category	2017	2018	2019
International Passengers (PAX)	242,443	272,258	242,844
Domestic Passengers	0	0	0
Total Passengers (PAX)	242,443	272,258	242,844

Sources: Somaliland Civil Aviation and Airports Authority

Table 38: Domestic, International Passengers and Flights in 2015- 2019

Airports Traffic	Year				
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Passengers In	94,864	109,469	118,213	133,798	117,976
Passengers out	93,166	107,455	124,230	138,460	124,868
Flights	2,611	2,957	3,327	6,688	2,708

Sources: Somaliland Civil Aviation and Airports Authority

Road Transport Statistics

Table 39: Road Network in Kilometres by Status by region, 2017-2019

Regions	National Roads					
	Paved km			Total Expenses		
	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019
Awdal	48	40	43km	2,500,000	6,800,000	86,000
Marodijeh	160	160	132 k m	300,000	27,200,000	2,640,000
Sahil	140	130	214 km	7000,000	22,100,000	4,280,000
Togdheer	200	190	146 km	0	32,300,000	2,920,000
Sanaag	100	103	222 km	10,000,000	17,510,000	4,440,000
Sool	270	192	175 km	300,000	32,640,000	3,500,000
Total	2935	2833	937 km	600,000	6,800,000	17,866,000

Sources: Somaliland Road Authority

